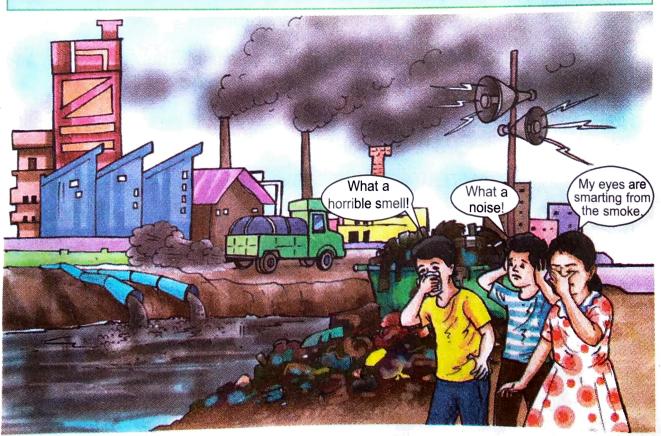
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### **Pollution**



Here is a puzzle	for you. The word	given below	means	something that
makes us unwell.	Can you rearrange	the letters to	get the	correct word?

	Α	S	E	D	1	S	E	
Hint: The word	d sta	arts	s w	rith	'D	·:		
What are the	thir	ngs	th	at	ma	ike	e u	is unwell? Talk to your friend and write
some of them								
Dirty water, _			,		1			_,,, etc.
Most of the thi	ings	s th	at	cal	use	a	lise	eases are a result of pollution.
What is polluti	on?	R	ea	d th	ne i	les	ssc	on to find out more.



Can we live without air? No, we cannot. We need air to breathe, and the air we breathe must be clean and fresh. The air mixed with dust and smoke is polluted air. When polluted air goes into our lungs, we can fall ill.



When you visit an industrial area, what do you see? You see smoke coming out of chimneys. The air becomes thick with clouds of smoke. The fumes of cars, buses and trucks also fill the air.

Your ears are also filled with the noises of factories and trains. The smoke of factories and the fumes of automobiles make the air dirty. This is how air becomes polluted.

Air is polluted all the time by smoke and foul smells. Can we survive in such an environment? No, we cannot. What can we do then? We can take good care of our environment and protect it from being spoilt.

One of the ways of protecting the environment is to make people aware of the dangers of destroying the world around us.

Green plants enrich the air with oxygen. They use up the carbon dioxide and other harmful gases. In this way plants protect us from a number of diseases. So we must warn people of the dangers of cutting trees. We should plant more trees.

There are many other ways in which we can keep the air clean. Cars and buses should be cleaned regularly to reduce the release of harmful gases. Factories must adopt measures to protect the environment.

We must also take steps to keep the water clean. Like air, water is very valuable for us. We cannot live without water. We need water in our daily lives. People cannot survive in an environment where water is polluted either by natural causes or by man-made causes. You must have heard about the water of the Brahmaputra becoming dark and polluted in 2018. Scientists had analysed the water and found some harmful matter in it. This was the result of an earthquake at the source of the river. Similarly, the garbage that we dump into rivers pollutes the water, making it unfit for all living beings. Other sources of water pollution are industrial waste and the wastes from commercial establishments. Industries release waste material into the rivers and make them toxic.

Our soil can also become polluted when the fertility of the soil is lost and it becomes unfit for human and animal use. Use of too many pesticides, dumping of non degradable household and industrial waste can also damage the soil. Such practices need to be stopped. Only then will the world be a safer place to live in. People should be aware of the danger posed by pollution to the survival of life on earth. Together, we must do all we can to save our planet and ourselves.

#### **ACTIVITIES**

- 1. Do you realise the importance of protecting the environment from pollution? Check how much you remember by answering the following questions:
  - (a) The air mixed with dust and smoke is polluted air. How does the air get polluted in an industrial area?
  - (b) Why do we need clean and fresh air?
  - (c) What happens when the air becomes polluted?
  - (d) Why is our environment getting spoilt?
  - (e) How can we protect our environment?
  - (f) How do green plants and trees help us and our environment?
  - (g) What steps should we take to keep our environment clean?
  - (h) How does water become polluted?
  - (i) How does soil become polluted?
- 2. In the lesson you read about some ways in which our environment gets polluted. In your notebook make three columns like this:

A	В	C
Air pollution	Water pollution	Soil pollution
Fumes of automobiles		

Now write the causes of these different types of pollution in the proper columns, taking the help of information provided in the lesson. One has been done for you.

3. Here's a game for you:

Say the word 'pollution' to your friend. Ask him or her to say a sentence with it. Then your friend will say another word related to pollution and you will have to make a sentence with it. Continue the game using as many words related to pollution as you can think of.

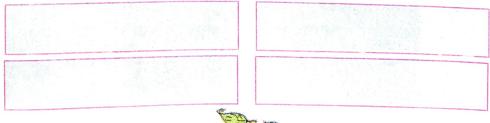
4. Read the text again and find out the words that you do not understand. Look up their meanings in the dictionary. Write down the meaning suitable for the sentence in the text. One is done for you.

waste rubbish, especially domestic refuse

5. Find out the hidden words in the grid. They are all related to the environment. Hint: There are six words across, and four down.

	r	p	a	h	q	k	d	
	n	o	1	S	e	r	u	
	(p)	1	r	u	<b>b</b>	( <u>i</u> )	( <b>s</b> )	
TOP	(C)	1	0	u	d	V	(t)	
	a	u	W	a	t	(e)	r	
	r	t	1	g	$\left(\mathbf{d}\right)$	r	e	608
COO O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	<b>b</b>	i	S	m	0	k	e	
	0	0	X	(y)	g	e	n	
	s n	n	w	a	S	t	(e)	22 Common State of the Com
			()-3400 p	100	YE	THE REAL PROPERTY.		37 C 38 11

6. Work in groups of four or five. Discuss and write a few slogans to protect the environment in the space given below. Then, write them on chart paper and hang the chart paper in your classroom.

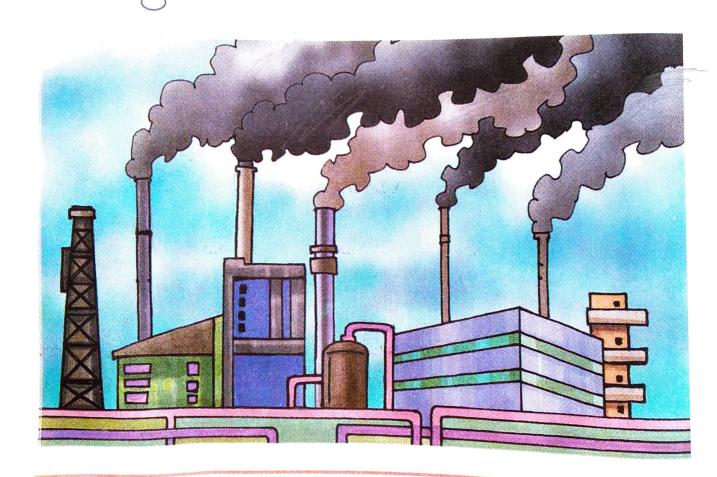


## 7. Let's learn some grammar:

## Read the sentences written on the smoke bubbles:

We need fresh air to breathe.

Fresh air is needed to breathe.



When the subject of a verb is the person or thing that performs the action, the verb is said to be in the active voice.

When the subject of a sentence is the receiver of an action or is affected by the action of the verb, the verb is said to be in the passive voice.



Now look at what active and passive sentences look like:

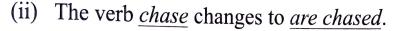
e.g. (i)

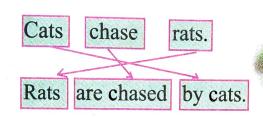
Active – Cats chase rats.

**Passive** – Rats are chased by cats.

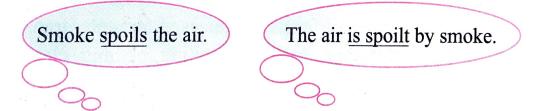
What did you notice?

(i) Some words in the two sentences change their positions.

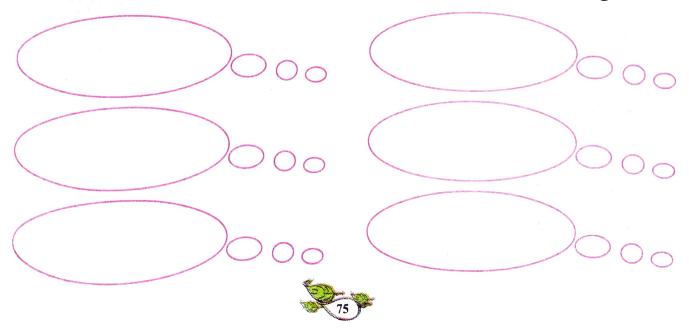




(ii) Look at another example. You will see the same change.



Now, work in pairs. Find some more active sentences and write in the bubbles on the left. Then write their passive forms in the bubbles on the right:



Now, rewrite the following sentences in passive voice, and write it on a chart paper to make a poster. You can colour it, write a heading, and hang it in your classroom.

V g

We need clean air. We need fresh water too. Some animals eat green leaves. Trees and plants breathe the air that we breathe out. They help us to breathe fresh air.

# 8. Read this story called 'Night River' and complete the task that follows:

Long, long ago a night river flowed in the heart of the blue planet where we live. The river could dance and flow as it wished and was a friend of the people. The night river was home to different kinds of aquatic animals and plants. It provided pure water to the animals and the plant kingdom. It added beauty to the water. The river cooled the surroundings and made the soil fertile. It was used for water transport and gave us water for drinking, washing, cooking, bathing, cleaning, etc. The people on the blue planet were happy with the gifts given by the mighty night river. But one day, the night river turned yellow. It was no longer a beautiful blue.

Why do you think this had happened?
In small groups, discuss and note three reasons.
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thoughts with the rest of the class

Share your thoughts with the rest of the class.

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## 11. Read the words spoken by the headmaster in the morning assembly:



Noises of factories and trains pollute our environment.

One of the ways of protecting the environment is to make people aware of the world around us.

Green plants enrich the air with oxygen.

Factories must adopt environment protection measures.

The garbage that we dump into rivers pollutes the water.

By using the sentences of the headmaster write a paragraph on the topic "Protection of the environment". You may add your own sentences.



2. Say these words aloud. Observe the difference.  ② in— not ② in— our ③ in— to ② in— woman ③ in— go ③ in— women  The letter o is pronounced differently in all these words.  The teacher will help the learners to say the words correctly.  Read the following and find the answer:  I'm always in black, and I'm always in white;  I'm grave and I'm gay, I'm heavy and light;  In form too I differ — I'm thick and I'm thin,  I've no flesh and no bones, yet I'm covered with skin;  I often die soon, though I sometimes live ages,  And no king alive has so many pages.		
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