Lesson 1

The Rainbow



Work in pairs and make a list of three gifts of nature that you know about:

(i) _____ (ii) ____ (iii) _____

Now read the poem below and find out if your words match those in the poem.

The Rainbow

Boats sail on the rivers,

And ships sail on the seas;
But clouds that sail across the sky

Are prettier far than these.

There are bridges on the rivers,

As pretty as you please,
But the bow that bridges heaven,
And overtops the trees,
And builds a road from earth to sky,
Is prettier far than these.

- Christina Georgina Rossetti

ACTIVITIES

(a) Boats sail _____.

1.

	(b)		_ sail on the seas.			
	(c)	But	sail across the sky.			
	(d)	(d) Boats and ships are pretty, but clouds are				
•	(e)		oem is the			
2.		tch the following:				
		Boats	Prettier			
		Ships	Pretty			
		Clouds	Prettier			
		Rainbow	Pretty			
3.	Wh	at are the things th	at the rainbow does? Fill in the blanks below	w with		
		ds from the poem.		A AAICII		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	heaven			
	Th	Adapta .	the trees			
		The state of the s	from earth to sky			
4.	Two	summaries of the	e poem are given below. Which one do vo	u like		
	mor	e? Discuss your a	nswer with the friend sitting next to you.	Then		
	shar	re your thoughts w	ith the rest of the class.			
	(a)	The poem 'The Ra	inbow' is about nature. Here the poet compar	res the		
		beauty of nature an	d man-made beauty. She finds that beauty cree	tod be		
		nature is prettier in	an man-made beauty. The clouds that sail com	000 4100		
		sky are prettier than	1 boats sailing on rivers and shins sailing on the			
		But the rainbow is p	prettier than all the pretty things that sail on the	rivers.		

Complete the following sentences by reading the poem "The Rainbow":

(b)	Boats sail on the rivers and ships sail on the seas. But the clouds that sail
	across the sky are prettier than these boats and ships. The bridges in the
	rivers are beautiful. But the rainbow that builds a road from earth to sky
	is prettier than the bridges.

5. (a) As you know, rhyming words are words that end with the same sound, such as *sound-round*. Here are some words from the poem 'The Rainbow'. Work with your friend and write two words that rhyme with each of them:

boat	sea	the superior state and international constraints of the consequence of the constraints of the constraints of the consequence of the constraints of the constraints of the consequence of the constraints of the consequence of
river	cloud	
ship	sky	

- (b) Now say the words aloud and recite the poem 'The Rainbow' for practice.
- 6. (a) Make a list of things that:

sail on rivers and seas	move on the road	fly across the sky
	,	
	a XX X aim ballanta a	

(b)	Now make three sentences with any of the words from the list above.			
	••••••			



	Boats sail on the rivers,
	And-ships sail on the seas;
	But clouds that sail across the sky
	Are prettier far than these.
CONTRACTOR DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF THE	
	t's learn some grammar:
Re	ad the poem 'The Rainbow' once again. Find words belonging to
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Re foll	ad the poem 'The Rainbow' once again. Find words belonging to to owing word classes and write them in the spaces below. One is do you. You may fill the spaces with other words if you do not find
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Resolution (Control of the Control o	and the poem 'The Rainbow' once again. Find words belonging to a lowing word classes and write them in the spaces below. One is do you. You may fill the spaces with other words if you do not find propriate word in the poem. Noun (naming words, for example, 'boat'):
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For Activity 7, the teacher will help the learners to write the lines in prose form.



9. The words you have written in 8 (c) are called adjectives because they say something more about a noun or a pronoun. In the poem 'The Rainbow', degree of something, as shown below:

Comparison of Adjectives

Pretty	Comparative Degree Prettier	Superlative Degree Prettiest
nd write them in t	ther adjectives that can be c	ompared in the same
the space holows	degrees (positive, com	parative and superlat
the space below:	their degrees (positive, com	parative and superla

Now complete the table below by filling in the columns as shown in the examples. Two have been done for you.

Positive Degree	Comparative Degree	Superlative Degree	
Pretty Beautiful	Prettier More beautiful	Prettiest Most beautiful	

heavy	heavice	bravest
famous simple		
	more popular	
active		*



bridge (noun): Then	re is a bridge on the rive	n.
bridge (verb): The	rainbow bridges the eart	h and sky.
Now make sentences	using the following w	ords first as a <u>noun,</u> a
as a <u>verb</u> :		
book, hand, back, sail	, bow, water	
he has a bew t	book	
••••••	••••••	
•••••		
•••••		
		•
•••••••		
		•
	••••••	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••



11. Let's practise our word building skills. Make a few words with each of the letters from the word <u>RAINBOW</u>. First make a <u>three</u> letter word with R and then a <u>four</u> letter word, and so on. One is done for you:

$R \; \longrightarrow \;$	red	read	river	reader	rainbow
$\mathbf{A}\longrightarrow$		74. 11		Active	Acroplane
$I \ \longrightarrow$	do 1	g simil	gdiod	defond	Important
$N \longrightarrow$	M.0	nice	never	number	meutron
$B \longrightarrow$	Beg	Book	Being	Beauty	Cuffergy
$0 \longrightarrow$	0 WC	ogle	obler	of baset	oblede
$\mathbf{w}\longrightarrow$	Wag	walk :	which	wonton	vielcome

12. (a) Ask the following questions to your partner and write his/her answers in the given space:

(i)	Have you ever seen a rainbow?	
	Jes ghave seen a Jainbow	Violet Indigo
(ii)	What does the rainbow look like?	Blue
	It took like a colourbul bow	Green
(iii)	When do you see a rainbow?	Yellow
	after raining	\ Orange \ \
(iv)	What colours do you see on a rainbow?	Red



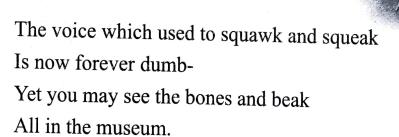
(b) Write a few sentences on how you feel when you see a rainbow in the sky. You can take help from the box.

happy	excited	full of joy	
		••••••	
			••••••

13. Look at the picture and read the poem about a bird which lived on the island of Mauritius in the Indian Ocean.

The Dodo

The Dodo used to walk around
And take the sun and air.
The sun yet warms his native groundThe Dodo is not there!



– Hillaire Belloc

Dodos were large birds that could not fly. They are no longer on the earth now. They have become **extinct**.

In small groups, discuss why we should take care of nature's gifts such as plants and animals.



14. Look at the picture and read the following sentences:

It is of the white winged wood duck. The white winged wood duck lives in tropical forests and the wetlands of Assam, Arunachal Pradesh and parts of South East Asia. The



number of white winged wood ducks is decreasing. Let's not allow this duck to become extinct.

Discuss in groups what you would do to stop it from becoming extinct. Write down a few steps that you would like to take to conserve it.

You may take help of the following words and phrases for your discussion:

stop killing	love and care	preserve nature	
	earth extinc	+	

15. Say these words aloud after your teacher for pronunciation practice:

Во		
boat	wood	ji in mane siden, de c
ship	duck	
tree	sail	

Box B		
nature	extinct	
pretty	rainbow	
river	across	

Now think of two other words like those in Box A and Box B and say them aloud.

The teacher will tell the learners that each word in <u>Box A</u> has one vowel sound in it. Note that in the words <u>boat</u>, <u>wood</u>, <u>tree</u> and <u>sail</u>, there are two vowel letters or repetition of the same vowel letter. But they are considered as one vowel sound. This means they have one syllable each. All the words in <u>Box B</u> have two vowel sounds. This means they have two syllables each. The word <u>nature</u> has the syllables <u>na</u>-and-<u>ture</u>. In the word <u>nature</u>, the first syllable is pronounced with greater force than the second syllable. In the word <u>across</u>, the second syllable is pronounced with greater force. A syllable pronounced with greater force than the other syllable in a word is called a **stressed** syllable.

